

AssayMaxTM

Mouse TAT Complex ELISA Kit

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For any questions regarding troubleshooting or performing the assay, please contact our support team at support@assaypro.com.

Assay Summary

Step 1. Add 50 μ l of Standard or Sample per well. Incubate 2 hours.

Step 2. Wash, then add 50 μ l of Biotinylated Antibody per well. Incubate 2 hours.

Step 3. Wash, then add 50 μ l of SP Conjugate per well. Incubate 30 minutes.

Step 4. Wash, then add 50 μ l of Chromogen Substrate per well. Incubate 15 minutes.

Step 5. Add 50 μ l of Stop Solution per well. Read at 450 nm immediately.

Symbol Key



Consult instructions for use.

Assay Template

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Mouse TAT Complex ELISA Kit

Catalog No. EMT1020-1

Sample insert for reference use only

Introduction

Thrombin-antithrombin (TAT) complex formed following the neutralization of thrombin by antithrombin III (ATIII) have been used as a surrogate marker for thrombin generation (1). High plasma levels of TAT complexes have been suggested to alter hemostatic activation (2).

Principle of the Assay

The AssayMax Mouse TAT Complex ELISA (Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay) kit is designed for detection of mouse TAT complex in plasma and cell culture samples. This assay employs a quantitative sandwich enzyme immunoassay technique that measures mouse TAT complex in less than 5 hours. A polyclonal antibody specific for mouse thrombin has been precoated onto a 96-well microplate with removable strips. TAT complex in standards and samples are sandwiched by the immobilized antibody and biotinylated polyclonal antibody specific for mouse antithrombin, which is recognized by a streptavidin-peroxidase conjugate. All unbound material is then washed away and a peroxidase enzyme substrate is added. The color development is stopped and the intensity of the color is measured.

Caution and Warning

- This product is for Research Use Only and is Not For Use In Diagnostic Procedures
- Prepare all reagents (working diluent buffer, wash buffer, standard, biotinylated antibody, and SP conjugate) as instructed, prior to running the assay.
- Prepare all samples prior to running the assay. The dilution factors for the samples are suggested in this insert. However, the user should determine the optimal dilution factor.
- Spin down the SP conjugate vial and the biotinylated antibody vial before opening and using contents.
- The Stop Solution is an acidic solution.
- The kit should not be used beyond the expiration date.

Reagents

- Mouse TAT Complex Microplate: A 96 well polystyrene microplate (12 strips of 8 wells) coated with a polyclonal antibody against mouse thrombin.
- Sealing Tapes: Each kit contains 3 precut, pressure sensitive sealing tapes that can be cut to fit the format of the individual assay.
- Mouse TAT Complex Standard: Mouse TAT complex in a buffered protein base (4 ng, lyophilized, 2 vials).
- Biotinylated Mouse Antithrombin Antibody (50x): A 50-fold concentrated biotinylated polyclonal antibody against mouse antithrombin (140 μl).
- MIX Diluent Concentrate (10x): A 10-fold concentrated buffered protein base (30 ml).
- Wash Buffer Concentrate (20x): A 20-fold concentrated buffered surfactant (30 ml, 2 bottles).
- Streptavidin-Peroxidase Conjugate (SP Conjugate): A 100-fold concentrate (80 μl).
- Chromogen Substrate: A ready-to-use stabilized peroxidase chromogen substrate tetramethylbenzidine (8 ml).
- Stop Solution: A 0.5 N hydrochloric acid to stop the chromogen substrate reaction (12 ml).

Storage Condition

- Upon arrival, immediately store components of the kit at recommended temperatures up to the expiration date.
- Store SP Conjugate and Biotinylated Antibody at -20°C.
- Store Microplate, Diluent Concentrate (10x), Wash Buffer, Stop Solution, and Chromogen Substrate at 2-8°C.
- Unused microplate wells may be returned to the foil pouch with the desiccant packs and resealed. May be stored for up to 30 days in a vacuum desiccator.
- Diluent (1x) may be stored for up to 30 days at 2-8°C.
- Store Standard at 2-8°C before reconstituting with Diluent and at -20°C after reconstituting with Diluent.

Other Supplies Required

- Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm.
- Pipettes (1-20 μl, 20-200 μl, 200-1000 μl, and multiple channel).
- Deionized or distilled reagent grade water.

Sample Collection, Preparation, and Storage

- Plasma: Collect plasma using one-tenth volume of 0.1 M sodium citrate as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge samples at 3000 x g for 10 minutes.
 Dilute mouse plasma 1:4 with MIX Diluent and assay. The undiluted samples can be stored at -20°C or below for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles (EDTA or Heparin can also be used as an anticoagulant).
- Cell Culture Supernatants: Centrifuge cell culture media at 3000 x g for 10 minutes to remove debris. Collect supernatants and assay. Samples can be stored at -20°C or below for up to 30 days. Avoid repeated freezethaw cycles.

Reagent Preparation

- Freshly dilute all reagents and bring all reagents to room temperature before use.
- MIX Diluent Concentrate (10x): If crystals have formed in the
 concentrate, mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved.
 Dilute the MIX Diluent Concentrate 1:10 with reagent grade water. Store
 for up to 30 days at 2-8°C.
- Mouse TAT Complex Standard: Reconstitute the 4 ng of Mouse TAT Complex Standard with 0.5 ml of MIX Diluent to generate an 8 ng/ml standard stock solution. Allow the standard to sit for 10 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions. Prepare duplicate or triplicate standard points by serially diluting the standard stock solution 1:4 with MIX Diluent to produce 2, 0.5, 0.125, and 0.031 ng/ml solutions. MIX Diluent serves as the zero standard (0 ng/ml). Any remaining solution should be frozen at -20°C and used within 7 days.

Standard Point	Dilution	[Mouse TAT] (ng/ml)
P1	1 part Standard (8 ng/ml)	8.0000
P2	1 part P1 + 3 parts MIX Diluent	2.0000
P3	1 part P2 + 3 parts MIX Diluent	0.5000
P4	1 part P3 + 3 parts MIX Diluent	0.1250
P5	1 part P4 + 3 parts MIX Diluent	0.0313
P6	MIX Diluent	0.0000

- Biotinylated Mouse Antithrombin Antibody (50x): Spin down the antibody briefly and dilute the desired amount of the antibody 1:50 with MIX Diluent. Any remaining solution should be frozen at -20°C.
- Wash Buffer Concentrate (20x): If crystals have formed in the concentrate, mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved.
 Dilute the Wash Buffer Concentrate 1:20 with reagent grade water.

 SP Conjugate (100x): Spin down the SP Conjugate briefly and dilute the desired amount of the conjugate 1:100 with MIX Diluent. Any remaining solution should be frozen at -20°C.

Assay Procedure

- Prepare all reagents, standard solutions, and samples as instructed. Bring all reagents to room temperature before use. The assay is performed at room temperature (20-25°C).
- Remove excess microplate strips from the plate frame and return them
 immediately to the foil pouch with desiccants inside. Reseal the pouch
 securely to minimize exposure to water vapor and store in a vacuum
 desiccator.
- Add 50 μ l of Mouse TAT Complex Standard or sample per well. Cover wells with a sealing tape and incubate for 2 hours. Start the timer after the last addition.
- Wash five times with 200 µl of Wash Buffer manually. Invert the plate each time and decant the contents; hit 4-5 times on absorbent material to completely remove the liquid. If using a machine, wash six times with 300 µl of Wash Buffer and then invert the plate, decanting the contents; hit 4-5 times on absorbent material to completely remove the liquid.
- Add 50 μl of Biotinylated Mouse Antithrombin Antibody to each well and incubate for 2 hours.
- Wash the microplate as described above.
- Add 50 µl of Streptavidin-Peroxidase Conjugate per well and incubate for 30 minutes. Turn on the microplate reader and set up the program in advance.
- Wash the microplate as described above.
- Add 50 µl of Chromogen Substrate per well and incubate for 15 minutes or till the optimal color density develops. Gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing and break the bubbles in the well with pipette tip.
- Add 50 μ l of Stop Solution to each well. The color will change from blue to yellow.
- Read the absorbance on a microplate reader at a wavelength of 450 nm immediately. If wavelength correction is available, subtract readings at 570 nm from those at 450 nm to correct optical imperfections.
 Otherwise, read the plate at 450 nm only. Please note that some unstable black particles may be generated at high concentration points after stopping the reaction for about 10 minutes, which will reduce the readings.

Data Analysis

- Calculate the mean value of the duplicate or triplicate readings for each standard and sample.
- To generate a standard curve, plot the graph using the standard concentrations on the x-axis and the corresponding mean 450 nm absorbance on the y-axis. The best-fit line can be determined by regression analysis using four-parameter or log-log logistic curve-fit.
- Determine the unknown sample concentration from the Standard Curve and multiply the value by the dilution factor.

Typical Data

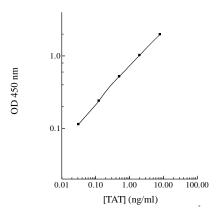
The typical data is provided for reference only. Individual laboratory
means may vary from the values listed. Variations between laboratories
may be caused by technique differences.

Standard Point	ng/ml	OD	Average OD
P1	8.0000	1.998	1.977
P1	8.0000	1.957	1.977
P2	2.0000	1.035	1.022
PZ	2.0000	1.009	1.022
P3	0.5000	0.510	0.500
P3	0.3000	0.491	0.300
P4	0.1250	0.241	0.240
F4		0.240	0.240
P5	0.0313	0.115	0.114
r J	0.0313	0.113	0.114
P6	0.0000	0.077	0.078
FU	0.0000	0.079	0.078

Standard Curve

 The curve is provided for illustration only. A standard curve should be generated each time the assay is performed.

Mouse TAT Complexes Standard Curve



Performance Characteristics

- The minimum detectable dose of mouse TAT as calculated by 2SD from the mean of a zero standard was established to be 0.01 ng/ml.
- Intra-assay precision was determined by testing replicates of three plasma samples in one assay.
- Inter-assay precision was determined by testing three plasma samples in twenty assays.

	Intra-Assay Precision			Inter	-Assay Prec	ision
Sample	1	2	3	1	2	3
n	20	20	20	20	20	20
CV (%)	4.6%	4.3%	4.9%	9.9%	9.2%	9.4%
Average CV (%)	4.6%				9.5%	

Recovery

Standard Added Value	0.1 – 2 ng/ml	
Recovery %	89 – 115%	
Average Recovery %	96%	

Linearity

Plasma and serum samples were serially-diluted to test for linearity.

	Average Percentage of Expected Value (%)
Sample Dilution	Plasma
1:2	86%
1:4	97%
1:8	104%

Cross-Reactivity

Species	Cross Reactivity (%)
Beagle	None
Bovine	None
Monkey	10%
Rat	10%
Swine	10%
Rabbit	None
Human	None
Mouse	100%

Troubleshooting

Causes	Course of Action		
Use of expired	Check the expiration date listed before use.		
components	 Do not interchange components from different lots. 		
	 Check that the correct wash buffer is being used. 		
	 Check that all wells are dry after aspiration. 		
Improper wash step	 Check that the microplate washer is dispensing properly. 		
	 If washing by pipette, check for proper pipetting technique. 		
Splashing of reagents while loading wells	Pipette properly in a controlled and careful manner.		
Inconsistent volumes	 Pipette properly in a controlled and careful manner. 		
	Check pipette calibration.		
loaded lifto wells	 Check pipette for proper performance. 		
Insufficient mixing of	 Thoroughly agitate the lyophilized components after 		
•	reconstitution.		
reagent anations	Thoroughly mix dilutions.		
	 Check the microplate pouch for proper sealing. 		
	 Check that the microplate pouch has no punctures. 		
microplate	Check that three desiccants are inside the microplate		
	pouch prior to sealing.		
•	Each step of the procedure should be performed		
	uninterrupted.		
	Consult the provided procedure for complete list of steps.		
· +			
	Consult the provided procedure for the correct order.		
	Check pipette calibration.		
	Check pipette cambration: Check pipette for proper performance.		
wells	- check pipette for proper performance.		
	Use of expired components Improper wash step Splashing of reagents while loading wells Inconsistent volumes loaded into wells Insufficient mixing of reagent dilutions Improperly sealed microplate Microplate was left unattended between steps Omission of step Steps performed in incorrect order Insufficient amount of reagents added to		

	Wash step was skipped	Consult the provided procedure for all wash steps.		
	Improper wash buffer	 Check that the correct wash buffer is being used. 		
	Improper reagent	 Consult reagent preparation section for the correct 		
	preparation	dilutions of all reagents.		
	Insufficient or	Consult the provided procedure for correct incubation		
	prolonged incubation	time.		
	periods			
Deficient Standard Curve Fit	Non-optimal sample dilution	 Sandwich ELISA: If samples generate OD values higher than the highest standard point (P1), dilute samples further and repeat the assay. Competitive ELISA: If samples generate OD values lower than the highest standard point (P1), dilute samples further and repeat the assay. User should determine the optimal dilution factor for samples. 		
andar	Contamination of reagents	 A new tip must be used for each addition of different samples or reagents during the assay procedure. 		
Sť	Contents of wells	 Verify that the sealing film is firmly in place before placing 		
벋	evaporate	the assay in the incubator or at room temperature.		
ë		 Pipette properly in a controlled and careful manner. 		
l ĕ	Improper pipetting	Check pipette calibration.		
۵		 Check pipette for proper performance. 		
	Insufficient mixing of reagent dilutions	Thoroughly agitate the lyophilized components after reconstitution. Thoroughly mix dilutions.		

References

- (1) Diquelou A et al. (1994) Blood 84(7): 2206-13
- (2) Heller MV et al. (1995) Thromb Haemost. 73(3): 368-73

Version 3.2R

Related Product

 ET1020-1 AssayMax Human Thrombin-Antithrombin Complex ELISA Kit (Plasma, Milk, and Cell Culture samples)